


S_n1 / S_n2 vs. E_1 / E_2

CH_3X Methyl	RCH_2X 1°	R_2CHX 2°	R_3CX 3°
Biomolecular Reactions Only 			S_n1 / E_1 or E_2
Gives S_n2 only Reactions	Gives mainly S_n2 With a hindered strong base $(CH_3)_3CO^-$, then it gives E_2	Gives mainly S_n2 with weak bases I^- , CN^- , $RCOO^-$ With a strong base RO^- , gives mainly E_2	NO S_n2 S_n1 & E_1 compete: Low Temp: S_n1 favored Strong base: E_2 predominant